

Medication Instructions

Some medications will need to be stopped or adjusted before your procedure. Use the instructions below.

Review these instructions at least two weeks before your procedure as some medications may need to be tapered or held prior to your procedure.

Please refer to the below tables for medication holding instructions. Do not make up or “double up” on any missed medication after the procedure. If your medication is not listed or if you have had any changes to your medication, contact your prescribing provider or primary care provider for instructions. Please call our office if you have any questions about these instructions or if you have not held your medication as instructed.

Anti-seizure, Anxiety, Pain, and Blood Pressure or Heart Medications:

Continue taking all your regularly scheduled medications for anti-seizure, pain, and blood pressure or heart medications up until 4 hours prior to your procedure unless your doctor told you otherwise.

Diabetic, Weight Loss, Cardiac and Other Medications:

For people with diabetes, any procedure that causes you to miss a meal or change your usual meal plan will require special planning to safely manage your blood glucose. For this reason, please review the instructions and tips listed below.

- Check your blood glucose often while preparing for your procedure, including several times throughout the day, at bedtime, and the morning of your procedure. If you are having a colonoscopy, start checking often when you begin clear liquids and continue through your bowel prep. For all other procedures, start checking often when you stop eating solid foods, which is 8 hours before your procedure.
- Be sure to check your blood glucose level if you experience symptoms of low or high blood glucose
- If you are using an extended prep, please follow these instructions for each day you are on the clear liquid diet.
- Aim for 45 grams of carbohydrates at meals and 15-30 grams of carbohydrates for snacks. Clear protein drinks are okay for you to drink as part of the clear liquid diet. These are often found in the nutritional supplement aisle or online.
- If your blood sugar is low, you may have up to 4 oz of a clear sugar liquid such as apple juice up to 2 hours prior to your procedure.
- If you use a CGM (continuous glucose monitor), continue to use it before, during and after the procedure

Medication Name	14 Days Prior to your Procedure	7 Days Prior	Day of Procedure
Qsymia - phentermine and topiramate	Contact your prescribing physician for tapering instructions.	Stop taking 7 days prior to your procedure	After your procedure, resume once meals and adequate hydration have resumed.

Medication Name	7 Days Prior	Day of Procedure
Phentermine (Adipex, Adipex-P, Atti-Plex P, Fastin, Ionamin, Lomaira, Phentercot, Phentride, Pro-Fast)	Stop taking 7 days prior to your procedure	After your procedure, resume once meals and adequate hydration have resumed.
GLP-1 agonists: Dulaglutide (Trulicity), Semaglutide injection (Ozempic, Wegovy), Tirzepatide (Mounjaro, Zepbound), Exenatide (Byetta), Exenatide ER (Bydureon)	Stop taking 7 days prior to your procedure	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed. Once weekly injectable should be taken the evening of the procedure if it was held before the procedure.

Medication Instructions - Continued

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Medication Name	4 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
SGLT-2 inhibitors: Bexagliflozin (Brenzavvy) Canagliflozin (Invokana) Dapagliflozin (Farxiga) Empagliflozin (Jardiance) Empagliflozin + Metformin (Synjardy) Ertugliflozin (Steglatro)	Stop taking 4 days prior to your procedure.	After your procedure, resume once meals and adequate hydration have resumed.

Medication Name	1-3 Days Before Procedure <i>Please refer to prep instructions for when to start clear liquid diet</i>	Day of Procedure
GLP-1 agonists: Liraglutide (Victoza/Saxenda) Lixisenatide (Adlyxin) Semaglutide oral (Rybelsus)	Stop taking once clear liquid diet starts.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.
Biguanides: Metformin (Glucophage) Metformin ER (Glumetza)	Stop taking once clear liquid diet starts.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.
Meglitinides: Nateglinide (Starlix) Repaglinide (Gluconorm/Prandin)	Stop taking once clear liquid diet starts.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.
Insulins-Rapid/Short acting: Aspart (Novorapid/Trurapi) Faster insulin aspart (Fiasp) Glulisine (Apidra) Lispro (Admelog/Humalog) Regular human insulin (HumulinR/Novolin R) Human bio synthetic insulin(Entuzity)	If taking a fixed dose and/or a sliding scale, take 50% of the usual dose once the clear liquid diet starts. If insulin dosing is based on insulin to carbohydrate ratio, continue typical rapid- acting insulin dosing.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.

Medication Instructions - Continued

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Medication Name	1 Day Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Thiazolidinediones: Pioglitazone (Actos)	Continue as normal.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.
DPP-4 inhibitors: Alogliptin (Nesinia) Lingaliptin (Trajenta) Sitagliptin (Januvia) Saxagliptin (Onglyza)	Continue as normal.	Stop morning of the procedure. Resume the evening after the procedure.
Sulfonylureas: Gliclazide (Diamicon) Gliclazide MR (Diamicon MR) Glimepiride (Amaryl) Glipizide (Glucotrol/GlucotrolXL/Minodiab) Glyburide(Diabetra/Micronase/Glynase)	Stop taking.	After your procedure, resume once meals have resumed.
Insulin-Intermediate acting: NPH (Novolin ge NPH)	Take 80% of the normal dose.	Take 50% of the normal dose the morning of the procedure. After your procedure, once eating regular meals, resume normal dose at next scheduled dose.
Insulin-First-Generation Basal: Glargine (Lantus/Basaglar) Detemir (Levemir)	Take 80% of the normal dose.	Take 50% of the normal dose the morning of the procedure. After your procedure, once eating regular meals, resume normal dose at next scheduled dose.
Insulin-Second-GenerationBasal: Glargine U300 (Toujeo/ToujeoDoublestar) Degludec U100 and U200 (Tresbia)	Type 1 Diabetic patients should take 80% of their normal dose and Type 2 Diabetic patients should take 50% of their normal dose.	If insulin dose is before the procedure Type1 diabetic patients should take 80% of their normal dose, and Type 2 diabetic patients should take 50% of their normal dose. After your procedure, once eating regular meals, resume normal dose at next scheduled dose.
For patients wearing an insulin pump:	For automatic insulin pumps, continue as normal. If on a basal insulin pump, adjust basal insulin rate to 80% of your normal rate once clear liquid diet begins.	After your procedure, once meals have resumed, insulin pump dosing should be resumed at the normal dose and interval.

Medication Instructions - Continued

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Blood-thinning Medications:

If you are taking a blood-thinning medication, you will be asked to stop taking it before your procedure to reduce the risk of bleeding associated any interventions that may be performed. Please be sure to let the doctor who prescribed your medication know that you will need to stop it before your procedure. After your procedure is finished, your gastroenterologist will give you instructions on restarting your medication.

**** If you are taking Aspirin, continue this medication unless directed to do otherwise by your physician. ****

**** If you have chronic kidney disease, call your prescribing physician to discuss the need to stop Pradaxa, Xarelto, or Eliquis for longer than 48 hours before your procedure. ****

**** If you are undergoing immunotherapy or chemotherapy, please consult with your prescribing physician for any special instructions regarding dosing changes prior to your procedure. ****

Medication Name	7 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Anti-Platelet: Effient (prasugrel)	Stop taking 7 days prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.

Medication Name	5 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Anti-Platelet: Brilinta (ticagrelor) - Plavix (clopidogrel)	Stop taking 5 days prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.
Anti-Thrombotic Medications: Coumadin (warfarin)	Stop taking 5 days prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.

Medication Name	3 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Anti-Platelet: Aggrenox (dipyridamole-aspirin)	Stop taking 3 days prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.

Medication Name	2 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Anti-Platelet: Pletal (cilostazol)	Stop taking for the 48 hours prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.
Anti-Thrombotic Medications: Eliquis (apixaban) Pradaxa (dabigatran) Xarelto (rivaroxaban)	Stop taking for the 48 hours prior to your procedure.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.

Medication Name	1 Days Before Procedure	Day of Procedure
Anti-Platelet: Lovenox (enoxaparin sodium)	You may take your regular dose the morning of the day PRIOR to your procedure. If you take an evening dose, please contact your prescribing provider for further instructions.	Resume as instructed by your prescribing provider.